Update on the OSHA HCS and the UN GHS

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OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard

- 1970 recommendation for Department of Labor to promulgate regulation requiring employers to inform workers of hazardous workplace chemicals
- 1983 OSHA promulgated first Hazard Communication Standard
 - Updated again in 1994
- 2012 aligned OSHA HCS with UN GHS revision 3
 - Became known as the "right to understand"
- 2021 proposed to align with UN GHS revision 7
 - Including expanded use of non-animal test methods (rev. 8)
 - Updated precautionary statements
 - New hazard classes

Hazard communication in the workplace

- Implementation of hazard communication has been a game changer in the workplace
- There is a tremendous amount of science underpinning effective hazard communication
 - Identify hazard
 - Toxicology, epidemiology, ecotoxicology, physical sciences
 - Communicate hazard
 - Behavioral science, psychology, education, communication

Concepts within the Updated HCS and GHS

- Hazard communication should be "evergreen"
 - Updates based in large part on learnings from implementation
- Occupational behavior science and education are key components to hazard communication
- Aggregate exposures are important factors in identifying and communicating hazards
 - Leads to better risk assessment and management
- Hazard communication is a key element of an overarching EHS strategy and is fundamental to Occupational Safety and Health

Purpose for Updating the HCS

- The update to the HCS was proposed to improve and enhance worker protection through:
 - Providing additional clarification of existing regulatory requirements
 - Incorporating new hazard classes and categories
 - Improving and streamlining precautionary statements
 - Facilitating international trade through increased alignment

Principles & Assumptions

The final rule will maintain the same basic framework of the HCS

- Chemical manufacturers and importers are responsible for providing information about the identities and hazards of chemicals they produce or import

- All employers with hazardous chemicals in their workplaces are required to have a hazard communication program, and provide information to employees about their hazards and associated protective measures

Rulemaking Process and Timeline



https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/eoPackageMain

Update of UN GHS Activities

- Potential hazard issues
- Non-animal test methods
- Germ cell
- Annex 1-3
- Global lists
- Combination of physical hazards
- Explosives

- Practical labelling issues
- Practical classification issues
- Hazards to the atmospheric systems
- New items
 - Flammable vapors in headspace
 - Should/shall/may/must

Questions????